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清泉大学

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一般選抜＜個別試験方式＞A 日程

「英語」

\*試験終了後、この問題用紙は回収いたします。

## 第 1 問

次の A・B の各問いに答えなさい。

A 次の各問いの  に入る最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問 1 We  our teacher to explain the question again.

- ① had                      ② kept                      ③ got                      ④ left

問 2 This, to be honest, is the book .

- ① reading                      ② to read                      ③ writing                      ④ to write from

問 3 We practice every day  we can win the game.

- ① such that                      ② so that                      ③ so much that                      ④ so more

問 4 The man  she is talking to is our teacher.

- ① those                      ② when                      ③ which                      ④ whom

B 次の各問いの日本文に合うように、与えられた英文の  に入る最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 彼は皆の期待に応えられませんでした。

He failed to  up to everyone's expectations.

- ① rise                      ② stand                      ③ live                      ④ hold

問2 委員会はさまざまな分野の専門家で構成されています。

The committee is composed  experts from various fields.

- ① in                      ② to                      ③ from                      ④ of

問3 到着する前に私たちに電話してください。

Please call us in  of your arrival.

- ① top                      ② progress                      ③ advance                      ④ charge

問4 彼女は地元の習慣に詳しいです。

She is familiar  the local customs.

- ① with                      ② to                      ③ for                      ④ without

## 第2問

次のA・Bの各問いに答えなさい。

A 次の各問いにおいて、2つの英文がほぼ同じ内容になるように、に入れるのに最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 { He didn't explain the way he could solve the problem.  
He didn't explain  to solve the problem.

- ① what                      ② how                      ③ when                      ④ where

問2 { The book with the blue cover is mine.  
The book  cover is blue is mine.

- ① that                      ② what                      ③ whose                      ④ which

問3 { He married a famous actress.  
He got married  a famous actress.

- ① to                      ② by                      ③ for                      ④ into

問4 { It is impossible to deny the fact that he is innocent.  
There is  the fact that he is innocent.

- ① nothing to deny                      ② not to deny  
③ no being denied                      ④ no denying

B 次の各問いにおいて、それぞれ下の①～⑤の語を並べかえて空所を補い、日本文の意味を表す英文を完成させなさい。解答は  ,  に入れるものの番号のみを答えなさい。ただし、文頭にくる語の最初の文字も小文字で示されている。

問1 雨が降らなかったら、サッカーができたのに。

\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_ the rain, we could have played soccer.

- ① been                      ② for                      ③ had  
④ it                          ⑤ not

問2 私たちについてくるだけでいいですよ。

\_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_ is follow us.

- ① all                        ② do                        ③ to  
④ have                      ⑤ you

問3 彼らにとって勝つか負けるかは重要ではありません。

It doesn't  \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_ win or lose.

- ① them                      ② they                      ③ matter  
④ to                         ⑤ whether

問4 この場所に来るたびに、特別な何かがあると感じます。

Whenever I come to this place, I feel \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_ it.

- ① about                      ② special                      ③ is  
④ something                      ⑤ there

### 第3問

次のA・Bの各問いに答えなさい。

A 次の各問いの  に入れるのに最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 A: I'm really busy right now. I don't think I'll finish everything in time.  
B: Didn't we decide who would do what in class?  
A: That's exactly the problem. , so it's a mess.  
B: That's unfortunate. Good teamwork means having equal responsibilities.

- ① No one wrote it down
- ② Not everyone knew about it
- ③ The work was assigned correctly to everyone
- ④ The roles weren't divided properly

問2 A: This course is so boring. I don't see the point of learning it.  
B: I felt the same way at first, but now I think it might be useful.  
A: Really? I just don't feel motivated.  
B: Try to stay open-minded.

- ① Sometimes boring things teach us important skills.
- ② After all, we can always skip this course if it gets too hard.
- ③ It couldn't give us the opportunities we expect for the future.
- ④ At least we don't have to take any tests on it this year.

問3 A: Hey, where's my phone charger? It was on the table.  
B: Oh, I cleaned up and put it somewhere else.  
A: You didn't tell me! I've been searching for it for an hour.  
B: Sorry!  I think I left it in the drawer.

- ① I should have said something.
- ② You'll be more careful next time.
- ③ You can borrow mine if you need it.
- ④ That's why you often lose things.

B 次の各問いのパラグラフ(段落)には、まとまりをよくするために取り除いた方がよい文が1つある。取り除く文として最も適当なものをそれぞれ下線部①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

### 問 1

Adolescence is a time of big changes, and it can be very difficult. Teenagers go through physical, emotional, and social changes all at once. Their bodies grow quickly, and they start to feel new emotions that they don't always understand. This can lead to confusion, stress, and arguments with family and friends. School life also becomes more demanding. ①Students have to think about exams, future careers, and relationships. ②In some countries, train stations play classical music to reduce stress during rush hour. Many teenagers feel pressure to succeed, fit in, and look a certain way. ③Social media can make this even harder because people often compare themselves to others online. At the same time, adolescence is a time for growth. ④Teens begin to discover who they are and what they care about. They learn to make decisions, solve problems, and become more independent. Even though it's tough, these challenges help them grow stronger.

Adolescence is not easy, but it's an important part of life. With support from family, friends, and teachers, teenagers can get through it and become confident adults.

[注]

adolescence : 思春期

### 問 2

Technology has changed the way we live, making many tasks faster and more convenient. With smartphones and computers, people can communicate instantly, work remotely, and access information anytime. ①Online shopping, digital banking, and smart home devices save time and reduce stress in our daily lives. In education, technology allows students to learn anywhere. Online courses and interactive tools help people study at their own pace. ②Some cities use blue streetlights to reduce crime rates at night. This flexibility is especially helpful for those with busy schedules or limited access to traditional schools. However, technology also brings challenges. ③People may become too dependent on devices, and there are growing concerns about privacy. It's important to use technology wisely and maintain a balance between digital and real-world experiences. Overall, technology has made life easier in many ways. ④If we continue to use it thoughtfully, it can improve our lives and help solve problems in the future.

## 第4問

下の英文は、ケイトとシュンが海外旅行について話している会話です。これを読み、次の各問いに答えなさい。

- Kate : Shun, do you remember what I did last summer? I went to Spain for two weeks. , it was the best trip of my life.
- Shun : Spain? That sounds nice, but I think my trip to Thailand was even better. The beaches were amazing, and the food was reasonably priced and also super delicious.
- Kate : Sure, Thailand has great beaches, but Spain is  of incredible history and art. I visited the Sagrada Família, the Prado Museum, and even walked through old streets that felt like scenes from a movie. You can't get that kind of culture in Thailand, can you?
- Shun : Maybe not, but in Thailand, people are extremely friendly. I made friends with a local family, and they invited me to have dinner at their house.
- Kate : Well, I also did something similar. A Spanish family invited me to join a local festival in their town. We danced in the streets until midnight, and it felt like I was part of their community.
- Shun : Sounds amazing, but wasn't the flight to Spain really expensive? My ticket to Thailand was much cheaper, so I could spend more on activities like snorkeling and island-hopping.
- Kate : True, the flight cost more, but I think the experience was worth every yen. Travel is not only about the price; it's about the memories you bring home.
- Shun : I see your point. Still, I think Thailand was more relaxing. I spent hours just watching the sunset over the ocean. It was totally peaceful.
- Kate : And I think Spain was more inspiring. I learned so much about architecture, history, and even a bit of the Spanish language.
- Shun : Maybe we just have  travel styles. You enjoy learning about culture, while I enjoy relaxing in nature.
- Kate : That might be true. But one thing's for sure — traveling abroad changes how you see the world, no matter where you go.
- Shun : Yeah, I guess both Spain and Thailand have special things about them.
- Kate : Exactly. That's what makes traveling so exciting.

[注]

island-hopping : 島巡り

問1  に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Sadly                      ② Still                      ③ Honestly                      ④ Unfortunately

問2  に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① full                      ② aware                      ③ sure                      ④ fond

問3  に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① The family told me I should visit a local festival.  
② Learning a new language is always a great adventure.  
③ That kind of warm welcome is something money can't buy.  
④ The family is going to move to a large city next month.

問4  に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① same                      ② different                      ③ similar                      ④ traditional

問5 本文の内容と合致するものとして最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Shun is only interested in sightseeing, not in talking with local people.  
② Kate's ticket to Spain cost about twice as much as Shun's ticket to Thailand.  
③ Kate and Shun finally agreed that traveling abroad changes their perspective on the world.  
④ Spain has as many beautiful beaches as Thailand.

## 第5問

下の英文を読み、次の各問いに答えなさい。

The air in Paris is much cleaner and healthier than it was ten years ago. A group called Airparif studied the changes in Paris between 2012 and 2022. They wanted to understand the reasons behind this significant improvement. The results of their study not only show how the air has become cleaner but also offer hope that other big cities can follow Paris's example and become healthier places to live.

The study showed that, on average, the air pollution that people breathe in Paris has decreased by 40%. This is a huge improvement for the health of everyone living in the city. Less air pollution means people will likely have fewer problems with their lungs and heart, and (1)vulnerable groups, like children, the elderly, and those with existing health problems, will be much healthier. So, how did this major change happen? According to the study, there are three main reasons.

First, the biggest reason for this improvement in air quality is that cars are much cleaner than they were before. This change was responsible for about 55% of the improvement in air quality. Many people stopped using old diesel cars, which produce a lot of pollution, and (2) to newer gasoline cars or electric cars. In 2012, most cars on the road were old and polluting. By 2022, however, the situation had dramatically changed: over 80% of cars were modern and much cleaner. The city encouraged this shift by creating a Low Emission Zone (LEZ) in 2017. This rule, which only allows cleaner cars to drive in certain areas, made it more difficult to use older, polluting vehicles and (3).

Second, another important change was that there were fewer cars on the roads in Paris. This was responsible for about 25% of the improvement in air quality. More people started walking, cycling, and using public transport, (4) buses, the metro, and trains. The city of Paris also changed some rules to reduce the number of cars that were allowed to drive or park in certain areas. This also became the best way for the city to reduce carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), a gas that is bad for our planet's climate and causes global warming. Because there was less traffic, CO<sub>2</sub> from cars decreased by 35%.

Finally, the city did not stop with just cars and traffic. Paris also worked to reduce pollution from other things. This caused about 20% of the improvement. For example, the city made heating systems in homes and offices cleaner, and they also worked with factories to reduce the pollution they produced.

So, the air in Paris is much better, but the work is not finished. The air quality is still not as clean as the World Health Organization (WHO) recommends for good health. There are still some areas, especially near busy roads, where the pollution is too high. These tiny particles in the air can be dangerous for people's health. There is still more work to do to make the city even healthier, but this is a wonderful start and a great success.

問1 下線部(1)の意味として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① 楽観的な            ② 有害な            ③ 強力な            ④ 脆弱な

問2 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① referred            ② handed            ③ switched            ④ belonged

問3 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① encouraged people to continue using old diesel cars  
② motivated many people to buy cars that are better for the environment  
③ made it harder for people to use public transport  
④ caused the air pollution to become even worse

問4 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① in spite of            ② such as            ③ because of            ④ as well

問5 本文の内容と合致するものとして最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Air pollution in Paris fell by roughly 40% between 2012 and 2022.  
② In 2012, more than 80% of the cars in Paris were modern and clean.  
③ Paris focused only on traffic measures and did not tackle emissions from heating systems.  
④ The current air quality in Paris already meets all WHO health recommendations.