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清泉大学

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一般選抜＜個別試験方式＞ B 日程

「英語」

\*試験終了後、この問題用紙は回収いたします。

## 第 1 問

次の A・B の各問いに答えなさい。

A 次の各問いの  に入る最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから 1 つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問 1 They had never seen snow before they  to Japan.

- ① was coming      ② have come      ③ had come      ④ came

問 2 Your homework needs  before you hand it in.

- ① check      ② to check      ③ checking      ④ checked

問 3 The teacher,  by the answer, gave the student a smile.

- ① surprised      ② surprising      ③ was surprised      ④ was surprising

問 4 We should respect , even if we have different opinions.

- ① other      ② one another      ③ others      ④ person

B 次の各問いの日本文に合うように、与えられた英文の  に入る最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 その話題は3つの部分に分けることができます。

The topic can be broken down  three parts.

- ① in                      ② out                      ③ into                      ④ with

問2 彼は自分のミスを埋め合わせようとしてしました。

He tried to  up for his mistake.

- ① be                      ② have                      ③ make                      ④ take

問3 彼は外国の女の子に恋をしました。

He  in love with a girl from another country.

- ① fell                      ② failed                      ③ took                      ④ filled

問4 彼はクラスメートに遅れをとらないように一生懸命勉強しています。

He works hard to keep up  his classmates.

- ① with                      ② to                      ③ for                      ④ within

## 第2問

次のA・Bの各問いに答えなさい。

A 次の各問いにおいて、2つの英文がほぼ同じ内容になるように、に入れるのに最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 { My birthday is September 9.  
I was  September 9.

- ① born in            ② born on            ③ birth in            ④ birth on

問2 { Don't be afraid that you'll make a mistake.  
Don't be afraid  a mistake.

- ① on making        ② to making        ③ for making        ④ of making

問3 { I'm sorry I cannot support you.  
I wish I  support you.

- ① can                ② could                ③ could have        ④ had

問4 { That scientist is far from a genius.  
That scientist is  but a genius.

- ① something        ② nothing            ③ anything            ④ everything



### 第3問

次のA・Bの各問いに答えなさい。

A 次の各問いの  に入れるのに最も適当なものをそれぞれ下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 A: I thought doing it quickly would save time, but now I have to start all over again.

B: That's why people say haste makes waste.

A:

B: Exactly. Going the long way can be the best way sometimes.

- ① I don't think it was a waste of time.
- ② I guess I should try harder.
- ③ Maybe I should have slowed down a bit.
- ④ But I really wanted to finish sooner.

問2 A: I believe in ghosts. I think they're around us, even if we can't see them.

B: I don't believe in them, but I respect your opinion.

A: Thanks.

B: That's not right. Everyone has different beliefs, and we should respect that.

- ① Actually, I sometimes doubt them too.
- ② Some people laugh at me when I say that.
- ③ Well, I think you're being close-minded.
- ④ Anyone can have a mistaken opinion.

問3 A: I can't stop thinking about the big match this weekend. I'm so nervous.

B: Me too. It's really important, and I don't want to mess up.

A: Same here. But at least we've been practicing together every day.

B: Yeah, that helps a lot.

- ① I feel more confident when we train as a team.
- ② Maybe we should've skipped some of the practices.
- ③ I don't think practice makes any difference.
- ④ At least the match isn't that important.

B 次の各問いのパラグラフ(段落)には、まとまりをよくするために取り除いた方がよい文が1つある。取り除く文として最も適当なものをそれぞれ下線部①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

#### 問1

In recent years, more people have started to enjoy forest bathing, a simple practice of spending time in nature, especially in forests. Unlike hiking or camping, forest bathing does not require any special equipment or goals. ①All you need to do is walk slowly, breathe deeply, and pay attention to the sights, sounds, and smells around you. ②One of the main benefits of forest bathing is stress reduction. Many studies show that being surrounded by trees lowers blood pressure, relaxes the mind, and helps people recover from fatigue. The gentle sound of leaves moving in the wind and the fresh scent of the forest create a natural environment that calms both body and spirit. ③In addition, shopping malls are often crowded and noisy, which makes them less effective for relaxation. Another advantage is that forest bathing helps people reconnect with nature. In modern life, we often spend too much time indoors staring at screens. ④Forest bathing reminds us that we are part of the natural world, and this awareness can improve our mental health and encourage us to live more sustainably.

#### 問2

Meals are meant to be a time of comfort and pleasure, when we can enjoy the taste and smell of food. However, unpleasant or overpowering odors can easily ruin that experience. For example, if someone nearby wears strong perfume or has just smoked, the natural flavor of the meal may be affected. ①Because smell and taste are closely connected, an unpleasant odor can even make the food itself less enjoyable. This problem often happens in shared spaces such as offices, schools, or cafeterias. When people bring meals with very strong or unfamiliar smells, others may feel uncomfortable. ②Of course, everyone has the right to eat what they like or to express themselves through their choices. But eating in public is also a social act, so it's important to show consideration for others. Some smells that seem normal to one person may feel unpleasant to another, which makes this issue more complicated. ③Some researchers say that even background music can change how food tastes. ④By being aware of how we affect those around us, we can create an atmosphere where everyone can enjoy their meals comfortably.

## 第4問

下の英文は、メアリとケンジが食品ロスについて話している会話です。これを読み、次の各問いに答えなさい。

Mary : Kenji, I've noticed something about Japan. I often see convenience stores and supermarkets with so much food on their shelves, even late at night. What happens to all the food that isn't sold?

Kenji : That's a great question, Mary. It points to a big social issue in Japan: food loss and waste. A large amount of food that is still perfectly safe to eat is thrown away every day.

Mary : Really? Why does that happen? It seems like such a waste.

Kenji : I think so too. There are several reasons. For example, many stores and restaurants tend to  food if its appearance isn't perfect. Also, customers often  products that are close to their "best-before" date, even though they are still good to eat. There's a strong preference for fresh items.

Mary : I see. In my country, we have a similar problem, but people are becoming more aware of it. Some supermarkets sell "imperfect" vegetables at a lower price. Is Japan doing anything to solve this problem?

Kenji : Yes, that's a great idea. In fact, some direct-from-farm shops and online stores in Japan have started doing something similar. And, there are organizations called "food banks" that collect unsold food from companies and give it to people in need. Also, some new smartphone apps have appeared recently. These apps  stores that have extra food with consumers who want to buy it at a discount.

Mary : That's a smart idea! Using technology to reduce waste is great.

Kenji : I agree. And as individuals, we can also make a difference. For me, I . It's a small step, but if everyone does it, it can have a big impact.

Mary : You're right. I'll also try to be more mindful when I shop. For instance, I can choose products from the front of the shelf if I'm going to eat them soon. It's not just a problem for stores, but for all of us. Thanks for explaining, Kenji. I've learned a lot. It's an important issue to think about wherever you are from.

Kenji : Exactly. Being aware of a problem is the first step to solving it.

問1 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① accept                      ② display                      ③ purchase                      ④ reject

問2 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① eat                              ② check                              ③ choose                              ④ avoid

問3 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① connect                      ② separate                      ③ compare                      ④ replace

問4 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① started working part-time at a food bank  
② try to buy only what I need for the next few days  
③ ask for a big discount at restaurants  
④ stopped eating vegetables that look imperfect

問5 本文の内容と合致するものとして最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Mary thinks that food waste is a problem that exists only in Japan.  
② According to Kenji, the main cause of food loss is that Japanese people eat too much.  
③ Food banks and new smartphone apps are mentioned as ways to help reduce food waste in Japan.  
④ Kenji believes that individual actions are not effective in solving the food loss problem.

## 第5問

下の英文を読み、次の各問いに答えなさい。

Japan's first World Expo was held in Osaka in 1970. This event was very important, not only for Japan but also for the rest of the world. It happened just 25 years after World War II had ended. At that time, Japan was changing very quickly. Its economy was growing stronger every year, with new cars, electronics, and buildings appearing all over the country. However, many people in other countries still remembered the war, and they did not know much about the "new" Japan. The Expo was a big chance for Japan to change that image and show people a peaceful, friendly, and modern nation.

The (1) of the Expo was "Progress and Harmony for Mankind." This means that the event wanted people everywhere to work together and make the world better. Many nations from all over the world were eager to join. In fact, more than 70 countries came to Osaka and built their own special buildings called "pavilions." The Expo site was very large, almost as big as a small city, so it was possible for many different kinds of exhibitions and shows to happen at the same time. Each pavilion was special, and they all tried to bring something new.

Japanese families and other people visiting the Expo saw things that most of them had never seen before. For example, there were moving walkways, which were new and exciting. There were wireless phones, which were very unusual at that time, and even the first version of a mobile phone. The visitors were amazed by the future world shown at the Expo. Many people, especially children, were excited and inspired by the new technology and ideas presented there.

But the Expo was not just about new machines and technology. It also (2) on international culture and communication. Many countries presented their music, art, and performances. For Japanese people, this was a rare chance to experience global culture directly, without traveling abroad. They could listen to foreign music, watch dances, and see traditional crafts from faraway places. This cultural exchange made a strong impression, especially on young people.

One of the most famous things about the Expo was the "Tower of the Sun." This was a huge and unusual tower made by Japanese artist Taro Okamoto. When people first saw the tower, many thought it was strange and surprising, but soon it became very popular. Even today, it still stands in Osaka as a reminder of the Expo. For many Japanese, it represents hope and creativity.

In total, more than 60 million people visited the Expo, making it one of the largest events in Japan's history. (3) The Expo gave Japanese citizens confidence in their country's future, and it showed the world that Japan was ready to contribute to peace and progress. Many visitors left the Expo with dreams about the future. The event helped make new friendships between countries and (4) remains one of the most important cultural events in modern Japan.

問1 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① reason                      ② result                      ③ thinking                      ④ theme

問2 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① focused                      ② depended                      ③ looked                      ④ insisted

問3 に入る英語として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① Attendance was very low, and most of the pavilions were empty.  
② It was not only a festival but also a turning point.  
③ It is remembered as one of the darkest moments in Japan's history.  
④ Some visitors thought the fireworks in summer were beautiful and romantic.

問4 下線部(4)の意味として最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① 再利用する                      ② 思い出となる                      ③ 存続している                      ④ 思い出される

問5 本文の内容と合致するものとして最も適当なものを下の①～④のうちから1つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

- ① The Expo was held before Japan's economy became strong.  
② Visitors saw new technology, such as wireless phones and moving walkways.  
③ The Expo was only for people from Japan, not for people from other countries.  
④ The Tower of the Sun was unpopular and was removed after the Expo.